The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2013

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2013 and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the organization's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne as at December 31, 2013 and the results of its operations and accumulated surplus, change in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

800 Canada LLP

Chartered Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Orangeville, Ontario March 20, 2014

The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31		2013	2012	
Assets and Liabilities			(restated)	
Financial Assets				
Cash (Note 1)	\$	5,241,848	\$ 2,384,193	
Temporary investments (Note 2)		129,800	68,564	
Taxes receivable		683,102	730,028	
Trade and other receivable		991,103	1,167,428	
Long-term receivables	_	1,820	6,528	
		7,047,673	4,356,741	
Liabilities Tagging and the many in the (Note 2)			4 074 040	
Temporary borrowings (Note 3)		922 997	1,071,948	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (Note 4)		822,887 1,823,058	688,616 1,410,979	
Long-term liabilities (Note 5)		4,686,924	4,006,626	
Landfill site closure and post-closure liability (Note 6)	_	614,919	528,012	
		7,947,788	7,706,181	
Net financial assets (liabilities)		(900,115)	(3,349,440)	
Non-financial Assets				
Inventory of supplies		58,236	59,480	
Prepaids		46,896	1,697	
Tangible capital assets (Note 7)	_	50,806,802	50,773,052	
Accumulated surplus (Note 8)	\$	50,011,819	\$ 47,484,789	

Contingent Liabilities (Note 19)

The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

For the year ended December 31		2013			2013	
		Budget		Actual	Actual A	
Revenue						
Taxation	\$	4,220,111	\$	4,394,203	\$	4,354,885
Fees and user charges	Ψ.	2,661,372	*	2,760,633	•	2,679,825
Grants (Note 14)		2,510,021		1,580,098		1,424,182
Other income (Note 12)		213,578		253,799		3,628,176
Development charges and gas tax revenue		,		,		, ,
recognized		412,858		2,441,622		860,381
		10,017,940		11,430,355		12,947,449
_						
Expenses		4 004 040		4 00 4 000		4 004 505
General government		1,391,912		1,324,603		1,221,595
Protection services		2,309,063		2,132,453		2,080,099
Transportation services		1,683,124		1,586,963		1,498,108
Environmental services		2,072,395		2,063,622		2,877,552
Health services		71,542		64,484		57,981
Recreation and cultural services		1,488,215		1,429,486		1,394,171
Planning and development	_	192,179		293,402		368,860
		9,208,430		8,895,013		9,498,366
		809,510		2,535,342		3,449,083
Restatement of opening surplus (Note 20)	_	-		(8,312)		(4,636)
Annual surplus		809,510		2,527,030		3,444,447
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year,						
as previously stated		47,484,789		47,484,789		44,059,165
Correction of prior period error (Note 21)				-		(18,823)
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	48,294,299	\$	50,011,819	\$	47,484,789

The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Debt

For the year ended December 31		2013		2013		2012	
		Budget		Actual		Actual	
Annual surplus	\$	809,510	\$	2,527,030	\$	3,444,447	
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain on sale of tangible capital assets Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets		(2,858,290) 1,782,060 - -		(1,815,810) 1,782,060 - -		(5,707,339) 1,680,252 (79,168) 79,168	
		(1,076,230)		(33,750)		(4,027,087)	
Change in prepaids Change in inventory of supplies	_	-		(45,199) 1,244		90,420 (22,429)	
	_			(43,955)		67,991	
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets		(266,720)		2,449,325		(514,649)	
Net financial assets (liabilities), beginning of the year		(3,349,440)		(3,349,440)		(2,834,791)	
Net financial assets (liabilities), end of the year	\$	(3,616,160)	\$	(900,115)	\$	(3,349,440)	

The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31		2013	2012
Cash provided by (used in)			
Operating activities Annual surplus	\$	2,527,030	\$ 3,444,447
Items not involving cash Landfill site closure and post-closure liability		86,907	230,452
Amortization of tangible capital assets		1,782,060	1,680,252
Change in prepaids		(45,199)	90,420
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets Change in inventory of supplies		- 1,244	(79,168) (22,429)
Income from contribution of tangible capital assets		-	(3,286,209)
Ŭ I		4,352,042	2,057,765
Change in non-cash working capital balances		.,002,0 :-	2,007,700
Decrease in taxes receivable		46,926	79,872
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivable		176,325	(105,382)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase in deferred revenue		134,271 412,079	(1,339,432) 223,230
Decrease in long-term receivables		4,708	3,252
Ğ		5,126,351	919,305
Capital transactions Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets		(1,815,810)	(2,421,130)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets		(1,013,010)	79,168
	_	(1,815,810)	(2,341,962)
Financing activities			
Net repayments of long-term liabilities		(391,650)	(132,011)
Proceeds from debt issued		-	1,240,946
	_	(391,650)	1,108,935
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		2,918,891	(313,722)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,452,757	2,766,479
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,371,648	\$ 2,452,757
Cash and cash equivalents comprised of:			
Cash	\$	5,241,848	\$ 2,384,193
Temporary investments	_	129,800	68,564
	\$	5,371,648	\$ 2,452,757

The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

December 31, 2013

Management Responsibility

The consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne are the representations of management. They have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants as prescribed by the Ontario Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty and actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of all municipal organizations, committees, and boards which are owned or controlled by Council. All interfund assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses have been eliminated on consolidation.

The following boards and municipal enterprises owned or controlled by Council have been consolidated:

Town of Shelburne Public Library Board Town of Shelburne Business Improvement Area Centre Dufferin Recreation Complex Shelburne and District Fire Department (proportionate -48.47%, 2012 - 49.10%)

Basis of Accounting

Revenues and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Financial Instruments

The organization classifies all of its financial instruments at amortized cost. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of the financial instruments. These financial instruments include cash, temporary investments, taxes receivable, trade and other receivable, temporary borrowings, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities. They are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses on financial assets.

The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

December 31, 2013

Financial Instruments (continued)

Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the amortized cost category are added to the carrying value of the instrument. Writedowns of financial assets in the amortized cost category are recognized when the amount of a loss is known with sufficient precision, and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets are then written down to net realizable value with the writedown being recognized in the statement of operations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town considers all short term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Inventory of Supplies

Inventory held for consumption is recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Amortization is provided over the estimated useful life of the asset, using the straight-line method. The useful life of the assets is based on estimates made by Council. The following useful lives are used:

Roads and Bridges	10 - 50 years
Land Improvements	15 - 60 years
Water and Sewer Systems	10 - 100 years
Buildings	15 - 100 years
Vehicles	3 - 15 years
Equipment	5 - 50 years

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of transfer and also are recorded as revenue.

Non-financial Assets

Non-financial assets have useful lives that extend beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Deferred Revenue

Revenue restricted by legislation, regulation or agreement and not available for general municipal purposes is reported as deferred revenue on the consolidated statement of financial position. The revenue is reported on the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus in the year in which it is used for the specified purpose.

The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

December 31, 2013

Revenue Recognition

Fees and user charges are recognized when the related service is provided.

Contributions are recognized based on the terms of the grant or the year that the related expenses occur.

Other income is recognized when receivable.

Taxation and Related Revenues Property tax billings are prepared by the Town based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation. Tax rates are established annually by Town Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services. A normal part of the assessment process is the issue of supplementary assessment rolls, which provide updated information with respect to changes in property assessment. Once a supplementary assessment roll is received, the Town determines the taxes applicable and renders supplementary tax billings. Taxation revenues are recorded at the time tax billings are issued.

> Assessments and the related property taxes are subject to appeal. Taxes are recorded at estimated amounts when they meet the definition of an asset, have been authorized and the taxable event occurs. For property taxes, the taxable event is the period for which the tax is levied. Taxes receivable are recognized net of allowance for anticipated uncollectable amounts.

> The Town is entitled to collect interest and penalties on overdue taxes. These revenues are recorded in the period the interest and penalties are levied.

Government Transfers

Government transfers are recognized as revenue in the financial statements when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

County and School Boards

The municipality collects taxation revenue on behalf of the school boards and the County of Dufferin. The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards and the County of Dufferin are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

December 31, 2013

Trust Funds

Funds held in trust by the municipality, and their related operations, are not included in these consolidated financial statements. The financial activity and position of the trust funds are reported separately on the trust funds statement of continuity and balance sheet.

December 31, 2013

1. Cash

The Town's bank and savings accounts are held at one financial institution. All accounts earn interest at the bank's prime rate less 1.85%.

2. Temporary Investments

2013 2012

Cashable/non-deemable guaranteed investment certificates earning 0.8% - 1.3% (2012 - 0.8%), maturing January 3, 2014 (2012 - October 22, 2013).

129,800 \$ 68,564

Investments have a market value of \$129,800 (2012 - \$68,564) at the end of the year.

3. Temporary Borrowings

2013 2012

Interim construction financing, Ontario Infrastructure Projects Corporation (OIPC) for water meters and the new well water source. Interest is calculated at OIPC's cost of funds plus OIPC's prevailing spread with interest payable monthly, with no pre-determined date of repayment. The Town of Shelburne has been approved for financing up to \$5,079,345. The interim construction financing was converted to long-term financing during the year.

5 - \$ 1,071,948

At December 31, 2013, the municipality had undrawn credit capacity under an operating loan facility of approximately \$500,000 with interest at the bank's prime rate less 0.75%.

December 31, 2013

4.	Deferred Revenue			
		<u> </u>	2013	2012
	Obligatory reserve funds Development charges Federal gas tax Other	\$	1,818,096 76	\$ 1,388,537 -
	Deferred police revenue Deferred recreation revenue		- 4,886	17,500 4,942
		\$	1,823,058	\$ 1,410,979

The net change during the year in the obligatory reserve fund balances is made up as follows:

	Development Charges	Federal Gas Tax	
Obligatory reserve fund, beginning of year Restricted funds received during the year Interest earned Expenses recognized during the year	\$ 1,388,537 \$ 2,691,471 21,764 (2,283,676)	- 157,946 76 (157,946)	
Obligatory reserve fund, end of year	\$ 1,818,096 \$	76	

December 31, 2013

5. Long-term Liabilities

The balance of long-term liabilities reported on the consolidated statement of financial position is made up of the following:

	 2013	2013	
Capital lease for various fire communication equipment, payable \$406 monthly, due June 2013.	\$ -	\$	997
Long-term capital financing for STP Phase II, Ontario Strategic Infrastructure Financing Authority (OSIFA), 2.67%, payable \$56,751 principal and interest semi-annually, due July 2026.	1,239,758		1,318,576
Long-term capital financing for STP Phase III, Ontario Infrastructure Projects Corporation (OIPC), 4.21%, payable \$57,696 principal and interest semi-annually, due December 2030.	1,391,023		1,446,107
Long-term capital financing for Marie and Jane Street, Ontario Infrastructure and Land Corporation (OILC), 2.11%, payable \$131,409 principal and interest semi-annually, due November 2017.	1,003,065		1,240,946
Long-term capital financing for new well and water meters, Ontario Infrastructure and Land Corporation (OILC), 3.43%, payable \$37,254 principal and interest semi-annually, due April 2033.	1,053,078		-
	\$ 4,686,924	\$	4,006,626

Principal payments for the next 5 fiscal years and thereafter are estimated as follows:

2014	\$ 420,008
2015	431,119
2016	442,527
2017	454,304
2018	202,196
Thereafter	2,736,770

Interest expense in the amount of \$150,620 (2012 - \$123,595) has been recognized on the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus.

December 31, 2013

6. Landfill Site Closure and Post-Closure Liability

Landfill closure and post-closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, removal of ground water and leachates, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance.

The Town of Shelburne has estimated the closure and post-closure liability to be \$614,919 at December 31, 2013. The liability was estimated based upon current monitoring costs of \$15,000 annually inflated at a rate of 1.23% per year and discounted at a rate of 3.43% for an indefinite period. The post closure care period has been assumed to be indefinite with the Town currently working with the Ministry of the Environment to reduce monitoring costs and monitoring period.

December 31, 2013

7. Tangible Capital Assets

								2013
Cost, beginning	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Equipment	Roads and Bridge	Water and Sewer System	Total
of year	\$ 3,550,893	\$ 2,699,224	\$ 21,058,970	\$2,432,431	\$ 3,033,693	\$12,233,325	\$24,731,973	\$ 69,740,509
Additions	110,816	614,686	466,519	60,512	152,092	146,681	264,504	1,815,810
Disposals	_	· -	-	(46,831)	-	_	-	(46,831)
Cost, end of year	3,661,709	3,313,910	21,525,489	2,446,112	3,185,785	12,380,006	24,996,477	71,509,488
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year		612,535	6,098,535	1,082,577	1,890,793	4,171,524	5,111,493	18,967,457
Amortization	_	71,630	605,631	196,086	221,938	286,175	400,600	1,782,060
Disposals	_	- 1,000	-	(46,831)			-	(46,831)
Accumulated amortization, end of year		004.405	0.704.400		0.440.704	4.457.000	5 540 000	· · ·
Net carrying amount, end of	-	684,165	6,704,166	1,231,832	2,112,731	4,457,699	5,512,093	20,702,686
year	\$ 3,661,709	\$ 2,629,745	\$ 14,821,323	\$1,214,280	\$ 1,073,054	\$ 7,922,307	\$19,484,384	\$50,806,802

December 31, 2013

7. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

								2012
	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Equipment	Roads and Bridge	Water and Sewer System	(restated) Total
Cost, beginning of year, restated		·					·	
Additions	\$ 3,550,893	\$ 1,705,859	\$20,757,845	\$2,017,094	\$ 2,895,049	\$11,113,894	\$22,047,503	\$ 64,088,137
	-	993,365	301,125	458,015	150,933	1,119,431	2,684,470	5,707,339
Disposals		-	-	(42,678)	(12,289)	-	-	(54,967)
Cost, end of year	3,550,893	2,699,224	21,058,970	2,432,431	3,033,693	12,233,325	24,731,973	69,740,509
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year, restated		548,511	5,445,817	936,424	1,722,848	3,888,764	4,799,808	17,342,172
Amortization	_	64,024	652,718	188,831	180,234	282,760	311,685	1,680,252
Disposals	_	-	-	(42,678)	(12,289)	202,700	-	(54,967)
Accumulated amortization, end of year								
•		612,535	6,098,535	1,082,577	1,890,793	4,171,524	5,111,493	18,967,457
Net carrying amount, end of year			• • • • • • •					
year	\$ 3,550,893	\$ 2,086,689	\$14,960,435	\$1,349,854	\$ 1,142,900	\$ 8,061,801	\$19,620,480	\$ 50,773,052

December 31, 2013

7. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

The net book value of tangible capital assets not being amortized because they are under construction (or development or have been removed from service) is \$1,298,515 (2012 - \$614,719).

\$Nil (2012 - \$3,286,209) in contributed infrastructure capital assets were recognized as tangible capital asset additions in the consolidated financial statements during the year.

The municipality holds various works of art at the Town Hall gallery. These items are not recorded as assets in the consolidated financial statements.

\$Nil (2012 - \$11,513) in interest was capitalized to tangible capital assets during the year.

8. Accumulated Surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of individual fund surplus (deficit) including reserves as follows:

	2013	2012
Investment in Tangible Capital Assets		(restated)
Tangible capital assets purchased Capital assets financed by long-term liabilities, to be	\$ 50,806,802	\$ 50,773,052
funded in future years	(4,686,923)	(4,006,627)
	46,119,879	46,766,425
Incomplete capital projects already financed		
(Incomplete capital projects awaiting financing)	36,935	(870,417)
Shelburne Library Board	106,003	107,864
Centre Dufferin Recreation Complex	149,181	96,810
Shelburne Business Improvement Area	21,282	19,068
Shelburne and District Fire Department	33,635	26,366
Unfunded solid waste closure and post-closure costs	(614,919)	(528,012)
	(267,883)	(1,148,321)
	45,851,996	45,618,104
Reserves and reserve funds (Note 9)	4,159,823	1,866,685
Accumulated surplus	\$ 50,011,819	\$ 47,484,789

During the year, \$284,374 (2012 - \$136,447) was transferred to the contingencies reserve from operating, as approved by Council.

December 31, 2013

9. Reserves and Reserve Funds Set Aside for Specific Purpose by Council

	_	2013	2012
Reserves Contingencies Current purposes Capital purposes	\$	362,573 508,298 3,179,686	\$ 362,573 345,265 1,104,768
	_	4,050,557	1,812,606
Reserve funds Current purposes Capital purposes	_	4,477 104,789	21,282 32,797
		109,266	54,079
Reserves and reserve funds set aside for specific purpose by Council	\$	4,159,823	\$ 1,866,685

December 31, 2013

10. Budgets

The budget adopted by Council was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results (public sector accounting standards). The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while public sector accounting standards now require a full accrual basis. The following is a reconciliation of the budget approved by Council.

	2013 Budget	2013 Actual	2012 Actual
Annual surplus (Page 4)	\$ 809,510	\$ 2,527,030	\$ 3,444,447
Amortization Change in unfunded liabilities Change in other surpluses	1,782,060 (94,762)	1,782,060 86,907 (59,993)	1,680,252 230,452 (68,306)
Net transfers (to) from reserves Capital acquisitions less disposals	2,496,808	4,336,004 (2,293,138)	5,286,845 (455,149)
and write-down Capital projects not funded	(2,858,290)	(1,815,810) 680,297	(5,707,339) 1,108,934
Prior year capital projects (funded) expended Proceeds from long-term debt Debt principal repayments	733,314 (371,832)	(907,353) - -	(291,054)
	-	-	(57,763)
Prior year general surplus	-	-	57,763
General surplus (Note 8)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

December 31, 2013

11. Financial Instrument Risk Management

Credit Risk

The municipality is exposed to credit risk through the possibility of non-collection of its trade and other receivable. The majority of the municipality's receivables are from rate payers and government entities. For trade and other receivable, the municipality measures impairment based on how long the amounts have been outstanding. For amounts outstanding greater than 91 days, an impairment allowance is set up. The amounts outstanding at year end, which is the municipality's maximum exposure to credit risk related to trade and other receivable were as follows:

	0 - 30 days	31 - 90 days	9	1 to 365 days	1 to 2 years	3 to 10 years
Cash	\$ 5,241,848	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	_
Temporary investments	129,800	-		-	-	_
Trade and other receivable	830,411	160,692		-	-	_
Long-term receivables	_	-		-	1,820	_
Net amount receivable	\$ 6,202,059	\$ 160,692	\$	-	\$ 1,820	

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the municipality will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The municipality has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the municipality's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The municipality ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents. To achieve this aim, it seeks to maintain an available line of credit balance as approved by the appropriate borrowing bylaw to meet, at a minimum, expected requirements for a period of at least 90 days. The following table set out the contractual maturities (representing undiscounted contractual cash-flows) of financial liabilities:

	0 - 30 days	,	31 - 90 days	91	to 365 days		1 to 5 years	6 years and late	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 822,887	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
Deferred recreation revenue	4,886		-		-	1 0	- 150 154	- 2 726 770	
Long-term liabilities	 					1,9	50,154	2,736,770	_
Total financial liabilities	\$ 827,773	\$	-	\$	-	\$1,9	50,154	\$ 2,736,770	_

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The municipality is exposed to interest rate risk arising from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the variable rate of temporary borrowings and the value of fixed rate long-term liabilities.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure risks.

December 31, 2013

12.	Other Income			
		 2013	2013	2012
		Budget	Actual	Actual
	Penalties and interest on taxation	114,450	97,828	113,949
	Investment income	32,828	39,292	38,403
	Rents, concessions and franchises	7,250	12,322	9,494
	Donations	8,000	52,498	52,954
	Contributed tangible capital assets	-	-	3,286,209
	Gain on sale of assets	500	-	4,168
	Other contributions	-	-	75,000
	Other	50,550	51,859	47,999
		\$ 213,578	\$ 253,799	\$ 3,628,176

13. Government Business Partnerships

The following summarizes the financial position and operations of the government business partnerships which have been reported in these consolidated financial statements using the modified equity method:

Shelburne & District Fire Department

Shelburne & District Fire Department is a joint fire board under the shared control of the Town of Shelburne, the Township of Amaranth, the Township of Melancthon, the Town of Mono and the Township of Mulmur. The consolidated financial statements include the municipality's 48.47% (2012 - 49.1%) proportionate interest of the following:

	2013	2012
Financial assets Liabilities	\$ 295,465 9,878	\$ 260,265 142,678
Net financial assets	285,587	117,587
Non financial assets	1,087,026	1,201,855
Accumulated surplus	\$ 1,372,613	\$ 1,319,442
Revenues Expenses	\$ 513,125 459,954	\$ 878,295 717,812
Annual surplus	\$ 53,171	\$ 160,483

December 31, 2013

14. Grants

	_	Budget	2013	2012
Operating Province of Ontario Ontario Municipal Partnership Fund (OMPF) Conditional - Roads - Other	\$	946,700 5,000 139,728	\$ 1,077,900 5,806 153,673	\$ 1,031,200 5,180 168,009
	_	1,091,428	1,237,379	1,204,389
Government of Canada Conditional - Other		3,500	21,495	15,207
Other Municipalities Conditional - Other		191,596	192,597	189,642
Total operating grants		1,286,524	1,451,471	1,409,238
Tangible Capital Asset Province of Ontario - Sewer and water - Other		1,053,726 -	- -	4,944 10,000
		1,053,726	_	14,944
Government of Canada Conditional - Recreation		169,771	128,627	
Total tangible capital asset grants		1,223,497	128,627	14,944
Total grants	\$	2,510,021	\$ 1,580,098	\$ 1,424,182

December 31, 2013

15. Pension Agreements

The municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund (OMERS), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of 28 members of its staff. This plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. The amount contributed to OMERS for 2013 was \$219,804 (2012 - \$188,973) for current service. The contribution rate for 2013 was 9.0% to 15.9% depending on age and level of income (2012 - 8.3% to 13.9%).

OMERS is a multi-employer pension plan, therefore any pension plan surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of Ontario municipal organizations and their employees. As a result, the municipality does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit. The last available report for the OMERS plan was December 31, 2013. At that time the plan reported a \$8.6 billion actuarial deficit (2012 - \$9.9 billion deficit), based on actuarial liabilities of \$73.0 billion (2012 - \$69.1 billion) and actuarial assets of \$64.4 billion (2012 - \$59.2 billion). There has been a severe decline in financial markets. Ongoing adequacy of the current contribution rates will need to be monitored and may lead to increased future funding requirements.

16. Operations of School Boards and the County of Dufferin

During the year, the following taxation revenue was raised and remitted to the school boards and the County of Dufferin:

	 2013	2012
School boards County of Dufferin	\$ 1,816,391 2,384,231	\$ 1,771,460 2,180,322
	\$ 4,200,622	\$ 3,951,782

17. Trust Funds

The trust funds administered by the municipality amounting to \$1,479,740 (2012 - \$1,095,538) have not been included in the consolidated statement of financial position nor have the operations been included in the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus.

December 31, 2013

18. Contractual Commitments

The Town of Shelburne has entered into the following contracts:

a) A one-year extension contract for the treatment and maintenance of the Shelburne Water Supply and operations and maintenance of the Shelburne Waste Water Treatment, at an approximate cost of \$489,559 per year, beginning January 1, 2014, with the annual cost adjusted by the CPI index and any new costs impacted by new regulations.

The Town of Shelburne has committed to spend approximately \$100,000 on capital projects in 2014 and beyond on various administration, and recreation capital projects.

19. Contingent Liabilities

The Town has been served with various claims as a result of accidents and other incidents. The Town is not aware of any possible settlements in excess of its liability insurance coverage. The outcomes of these claims are not determinable at this time. Should any liability be determined and not covered by insurance, it will be recognized in the period when determined.

20. Restatement of Opening Surplus

In the current year, the Town's percentage share of operations of the Shelburne Fire Department decreased to 48.47% (2012 - 49.10%). As a result of the decrease in ownership, there has been a restatement of opening accumulated surplus of (\$8,312) (2012 - (\$4,636)).

21. Correction of Prior Period Error

During the year, it was discovered that the opening balance of the prior year's accumulated amortization in the Shelburne Library Board was inadvertently understated by \$18,823. As such, a prior period adjustment has been recorded to correct this error. This resulted in a decrease in tangible capital assets as well as a decrease in opening accumulated surplus in the amount of \$18,823. In the current year, the effect of the error was a decrease of opening accumulated surplus of \$18,823.

22. Change in Comparative Information

Historically, development in trust funds were reported in the Town of Shelburne consolidated financial statements. At year end, management determined that it would be more appropriate to include development in trust funds in the Town of Shelburne Trust Fund Financial Statements. This change has been reported retrospectively. The impact of this change was a decrease in cash of \$773,832 and a corresponding decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$773,832.

December 31, 2013

23. Segmented Information

The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to its citizens such as police, fire, environmental, planning, community, and water services. Distinguishable functional segments have been separately disclosed in the segmented information. The nature of the segments and the activities they encompass are as follows:

Community Services

This service area provides services meant to improve the health and development of the municipality's citizens. Recreational programs and cultural programs like swimming and skating lessons are provided at the recreation complex. Also, the municipality provides library services to assist with its citizens' informational needs.

Environmental

Environmental services consists of providing waste disposal to citizens.

Health

Health services are comprised of public health services which works to improve the overall health of the population and overcome health inequalities by providing services to individuals and communities. Also, the municipality provides cemetery services including cemetery maintenance and care.

Planning and Development

This department provides a number of services including town planning, maintenance and enforcement of building and construction codes and review of all property development plans through its application process. This department also includes the economic development committee and the downtown business improvement area.

Protection to Persons and Property

Protection is comprised of police services, fire protection and bylaw enforcement. The police services works to ensure the safety and protection of the citizens and their property. The fire department is responsible for providing fire suppression services, fire prevention programs, training, and education. The by-law enforcement department works to ensure that citizens and their property are protected by ensuring the Town's bylaws are being adhered to.

Transportation

Transportation is responsible for providing the municipality with road maintenance, winter control services, street light maintenance, parking lots, and equipment maintenance.

Water and Waste Water

This service provides the municipality's drinking water. They process and clean sewage and ensure the municipality's water system meets all Provincial standards.

December 31, 2013

23. Segmented Information (continued)

General Government

This item related to the revenues and expenses that relate to the operations of the municipality itself and cannot be directly attributed to a specific segment.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. The revenues and expenses and equity in government business enterprises and government business partnerships that are directly attributable to a particular segment are allocated to that segment. Amounts that are directly attributable to a number of segments have been allocated on a reasonable basis as follows:

Taxation, payments in-lieu and penalties and interest

penallies and interest

OMPF Grant

allocated to those segments that are funded by these amounts based on the net surplus for the year.

allocated to segments based on the net surplus for the year.

December 31, 2013

23. Segmented Information (continued)

For the year ended December 31	(General Government		Protection Services	Tr	ansportation Services		Sewer and Water	Eı	nvironmental Services		Health Services		Recreation and Cultural Services		Planning and Development				2013 Total
Revenue Taxation	\$	878,841	\$	1,581,913	\$	1,274,319	\$	_	\$	43,942	\$	_	\$	351,536	\$	219,710	\$	43,942	\$	4,394,203
Fees and user	Ψ	0,0,011	Ψ	1,001,010	Ψ	1,27 1,010	Ψ		Ψ	10,012	Ψ		Ψ	001,000	Ψ	210,710	Ψ	10,012	•	.,00 .,200
charges		31,784		167,399		8,762		1,939,532		15,572		34,621		532,908		30,055		-		2,760,633
Specific grants		58,890		26,297		5,806		-		48,537		· -		362,668		-		-		502,198
OMPF grant		215,580		388,044		312,591		-		10,779		-		86,232		53,895		10,779		1,077,900
Other revenue		134,111		14,295		15,000		3,123		-		3,960		79,070		4,240		-		253,799
Obligatory																				
reserve fund																				
revenue recognized		20.606		_		829,543		1,336,561						254,912						2,441,622
recognized	_	1.339.812	_	2,177,948		2,446,021	_	3,279,216	_	118.830		38,581		1,667,326		307,900		54,721		11,430,355
Expenses		1,000,012		2,177,040		2,440,021		0,210,210		110,000		30,301		1,007,020		307,300		54,721		11,400,000
Salaries and																				
benefits		818,352		1,667,990		533,923		118,139		11,746		31,672		612,803		31,934		_		3,826,559
Interest on debt		-		-		15,364		135,256		-		-		-		-		_		150,620
Materials and						-,		,												, .
supplies		274,674		292,915		464,092		394,215		1,140		31,970		439,452		38,498		-		1,936,956
Contracted																				
services		102,077		1,370		113,129		591,273		110,445		-		153,305		227,370		-		1,298,969
Other transfers		-		33,789		-		-		-		-		(131,535)		(4,400)		-		(102,146)
Rents and																				
financial																				
expenses		1,995		400.000		400 455		704 400		-		- 0.40		-		-		-		1,995
Amortization		127,504		136,389		460,455		701,408		400.004		842		355,462		-		-		1,782,060
Destatement of		1,324,602		2,132,453		1,586,963		1,940,291		123,331		64,484		1,429,487		293,402		-	—	8,895,013
Restatement of				(8,312)																(8,312)
opening surplus				(0,312)																(0,312)
Net surplus (deficit)	\$	15,210	\$	37,183	\$	859,058	\$	1,338,925	\$	(4,501)	\$	(25,903)	\$	237,839	\$	14,498	\$	54,721	\$	2,527,030

December 31, 2013

23. Segmented Information (continued)

For the year ended	General	Protection	Transportation	Sewer and	Е	invironmental			R	ecreation and Cultural	Planning and	2012
December 31	Government	Services	Services	Water		Services	He	alth Services		Services	Development	Total
Revenue												
Taxation	\$ 1,480,661	\$ 2,656,479	\$ 43,549	\$ (1,829,052)	\$	914,526	\$	43,549	\$	609,684	\$ 435,489	\$ 4,354,885
Fees and user												
charges	78,678	130,888	15,498	1,788,476		958		33,671		541,083	90,573	2,679,825
Specific grants	45,000	79,081	5,180	4,944		46,669		-		212,108	-	392,982
OMPF grant	350,608	629,032	10,312	(433,104)		216,552		10,312		144,368	103,120	1,031,200
Other revenue	146,809	135,820	1,459,476	1,612,242		4,070		5,349		261,231	3,179	3,628,176
Obligatory reserve												
fund revenue												
recognized	-	-	158,021	702,113		-		-		247	-	860,381
•	2,101,756	3,631,300	1,692,036	1,845,619		1,182,775		92,881		1,768,721	632,361	12,947,449
Expenses												
Salaries and												
benefits	803,166	1,609,909	527,343	77,581		7,816		34,803		602,850	31,389	3,694,857
Interest on debt	-	_	3,327	138,306		-		-		-	-	141,633
Materials and			•	•								•
supplies	257,775	302,522	523,554	608,419		270		22,282		447,431	59,390	2,221,643
Contracted	•	•	,	•				,		•	,	
services	84,688	1,927	105,931	636,556		634,603		_		148,099	282,481	1,894,285
Other transfers	-	33,328	, <u> </u>	· -		,		_		(165,619)	(4,400)	(136,691)
Rents and financial		•								, , ,	(, ,	, , ,
Expenses	2,385	_	_	-		_		-		-	_	2,385
Amortization	73,581	132,413	337,953	774,001				896		361,410	_	1,680,254
	1,221,595	2,080,099	1,498,108	2,234,863		642,689		57,981		1,394,171	368,860	9,498,366
Restatement of	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		* -			<u>, </u>	
opening surplus	_	(4,636)	_	-		_		_		_	-	(4,636)
Net surplus (deficit)	\$ 880,161	\$ 1,546,565	\$ 193,928	\$ (389,244)	\$	540,086	\$	34,900	\$	374,550	\$ 263,501	\$ 3,444,447

The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne Trust Funds Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2013



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the trust funds of The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne, which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2013 and the statement of continuity of the trust funds for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Information

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial information, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the trust funds of The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne as at December 31, 2013 and the continuity of the trust funds for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Chartered Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

BDO Canada LLP

Orangeville, Ontario March 20, 2014

The Corporation of The Town of Shelburne Trust Funds Balance Sheet

December 31

		Lost Soldiers Fund	Development in Trust		Cemetery Perpetual Care		Prepaid Burial Fund	2013 Total	2012 Total
									(restated)
Current assets Cash Due from Town of Shelburne	\$	- -	\$ 1,145,566 -	\$ 23,533	\$ 45,754 -	\$	13,068	\$ 1,227,921 -	\$ 842,749 1,950
Investments (Note 2)		-	-	34,941	221,479		-	256,420	257,272
	\$	-	\$ 1,145,566	\$ 58,474	\$ 267,233	\$	13,068	\$ 1,484,341	\$ 1,101,971
Liabilities and fund balance Due to Town of Shelburne	\$	-	Ψ 0,00.	\$ - \$ 59.474	\$ -	æ		\$ 4,601 \$ 4,70,740	\$ 6,433 \$ 1,005,538
Fund balance	<u> </u>	-	\$ 1,141,679	\$ 58,474	\$ 267,233	\$	12,354	\$ 1,479,740	\$ 1,095,538
	\$	-	\$ 1,145,566	\$ 58,474	\$ 267,233		13,068	\$ 1,484,341	\$ 1,101,971

The Corporation of The Town of Shelburne Trust Funds Statement of Continuity

December 31

	 Lost Soldiers I Fund		Development in Trust		Cemetery Maint & Equipment		Cemetery Perpetual Care		Prepaid Burial Fund	2013	2012 Total
											(restated)
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,253	\$ 76	37,399	\$	56,514	\$	257,449	\$	12,923	\$ 1,095,538	\$ 304,361
Receipts											
Fees	-	56	34,073		-		9,838		-	573,911	618,436
Cemetery maintenance fee	-		-		2,076		-		_	2,076	1,700
Interest earned	15		7,887		231		4,288		145	12,566	7,433
Transfer from revenue	 -		-		-		-			-	538,100
	 15	57	71,960		2,307		14,126		145	588,553	1,165,669
Expenses	1,268	19	7,680		347		4,342		714	204,351	374,492
Balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ 1,14	1,679	\$	58,474	\$	267,233	\$	12,354	\$ 1,479,740	\$ 1,095,538

December 31, 2013

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Management Responsibility

The financial information of the The Corporation of the Town of Shelburne Trust Funds are the representation of management. They have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants as prescribed by the Ontario Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing except that tangible capital assets are expensed in the statement of continuity in the year of acquisition.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of this financial information in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial information, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty and actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

Basis of Consolidation

These trust funds have not been consolidated with the consolidated financial statements of the municipality

Accrual Basis of Accounting

Sources of financing and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Financial Instruments

The organization classifies all of its financial instruments at amortized cost. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of the financial instruments. These financial instruments include cash, due from/to Town of Shelburne, and investments. They are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses on financial assets.

December 31, 2013

Financial Instruments (continued)

Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the amortized cost category are added to the carrying value of the instrument. Writedowns of financial assets in the amortized cost category are recognized when the amount of a loss is known with sufficient precision, and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets are then written down to net realizable value with the writedown being recognized in the statement of operations.

December 31, 2013

2.	Investments	2013	2012
	Term deposits earning 1% - 2.5%, maturing March 5, 2014 - June 17, 2014 (2012 - March 5, 2013 - June 17, 2014)	\$ 256,420	\$ 257,272

Investments have a market value of \$259,698 (2012 - \$259,034) at the end of the year.

3. Change in Comparative Information

Historically, development in trust funds were reported in the Town of Shelburne consolidated financial statements. At year end, management determined that it would be more appropriate to include development in trust funds in the Town of Shelburne Trust Fund Financial Statements. This change has been reported retrospectively. The impact of this change was as follows:

Balance Sheet as at December 31, 2012

	A	s originally reported	Adjustment	Restated
Cash Due to Town of Shelburne Fund balance	\$	68,917 - (328,139)	\$ 773,832 (6,433) (767,399)	\$ 842,749 (6,433) (1,095,538)
	\$	(259,222)	\$ -	\$ (259,222)

Statement of Continuity for the year ended December 31, 2012

	As	originally reported	Adjustment	Restated
Fees Interest earned Expenses	\$	22,186 1,000 (1,108)	\$ 596,250 6,433 (373,384)	\$ 618,436 7,433 (374,492)
	\$	22,078	\$ 229,299	\$ 251,377

December 31, 2013

4. Financial Instrument Risk Management

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The organization is exposed to credit risk arising from its bank balance and amounts due from the Town of Shelburne.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The organization is exposed to interest rate risk arising from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of the fixed income denominated investments.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure risks.